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PRE-ISRAEL (3977-1870 BC)

---CREATION (3977 BC)---

---ERA 1 - THE EDENIC WORLD (3977 BC)---

BIBLE'S ANCIENT PATRIARCHS (AP) (3977-1870 BC), of which less than one year (3977 BC) fell in this period.

- **(AP¹-01) Adam**, who was created – A member of the 1st generation, he lived 930 years (3977-3047 BC), of which a few days or weeks fell in this period.
- The ***Adam Disturbance*** in 3977 BC – It ended *Era 1-The Edenic World*, after which began *Era 2-The Antediluvian World (3977-2321 BC)*.

---ERA 2 – THE ANTEDILUVIAN WORLD (3977-2321 BC)---

BIBLE'S ANCIENT PATRIARCHS (AP) (3977-1870 BC) continued, of which just under 1656 years (3977-2321 BC) fell in this period.

- **Adam (AP-01) continued** – A member of the 1st generation, he lived 930 years (3977-3047 BC), of which almost 930 years (3977-3047 BC) fell in this period. He was known in Babylon as Alorus.
- **Seth (AP-02)**, who was Adam's son – A member of the 2nd generation, he lived 912 years (3847-2935 BC). He was known in Babylon as Alasparus.
- **Enos (AP-03)**, who was Seth's son – A member of the 3rd generation, he lived 905 years (3742-2837 BC). He was known in Babylon as Amelon.
- **Cainan (AP-04)**, who was Enos's son – A member of the 4th generation, he lived 910 years (3652-2742 BC). He was known in Babylon as Amenon.
- **Mahalaleel (AP-05)**, who was Cainan's son – A member of the 5th generation, he lived 895 years (3582-2687 BC). He was known in Babylon as Metalarus,
- **Jared (AP-06)**, who was Mahalaleel's son – A member of the 6th generation, he lived 962 years (3517-2555 BC). He was known in Babylon as Daorus.
- **Enoch (AP-07)**, who was Jared's son – A member of the 7th generation, he lived 365 years (3355-2990 BC). Because he walked with God he did not die, but rather was taken or "translated" by God. He was known in Babylon as Aedorachus,.
- **Methuselah (AP-08)**, who was Enoch's son – A member of the 8th generation, he lived 969 years (3290-2321 BC). He was known in Babylon as Amphis.
- **Lamech (AP-09)**, who was Methuselah's son – A member of the 9th generation, he lived 777 years (3103-2326 BC). He was known in Babylon as Oliartes.
- **Noah (AP-10)**, who was Lamech's son – A member of the 10th generation, he lived 950 years (2921-1971 BC), the first 600 years (2927-2321 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 1-600 years old. He built and sailed the Ark. He was known in Babylon as Xisuthrus and in China as Nuwa and Fohi.

¹ AP = Ancient Patriarch (pre-Hebrew).

- **God decreed the Flood** 120 years prior to its commencement in 2321 BC, so Noah had 120 years to plan, construct, and provision the Ark.
- **Japheth**, who was Noah's eldest son — A member of the 11th generation, he helped his father build and sail the ark.
- **Shem (AP-11)**, who was Noah's middle son – A member of the 11th generation, he lived 600 years (2419-1819 BC), the first 98 years (2419-2321 BC) of which fell in this period. He helped his father build and sail the ark.
- **Ham**, who was Noah's youngest son – A member of the 11th generation, he helped his father build and sail the ark.
- The **Noah Disturbance** in 2321 BC.

---Era 3 – The Postdiluvian World (2321-1464 BC)---
---Period 3A-1 – Initial Settlement & Migrations (2321-2221 BC)---

BIBLE'S ANCIENT PATRIARCHS (AP) (3977-1870 BC) continued, of which 100 years (2321-2221 BC) fell in this period.

- **Noah (AP-10) continued** – A member of the 10th generation, he lived 950 years (2291-1971 BC), 100 years (2321-2221 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 600-700 years old - He was known in Chaldea as Xisuthrus and in China as Nuwa and Fohi. He sailed on the ark and sired many sons and daughters.
- **Japheth continued** (11th gen) - He probably lived throughout this period and sired many sons and daughters.
- **Shem (AP-11) continued** – A member of the 11th generation, he lived throughout this period, 100 years (2321-2221 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 98-198 years old, and sired many sons and daughters.
- **Ham continued** – A member of the 11th generation, he probably lived throughout this period and sired many sons and daughters.
- **Arphaxad (AP-12)**, who was Shem's son – A member of the 12th generation, he lived 438 years (2319-1881 BC), the first 98 years (2319-2221 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 1-98 years old.
- **Cush**, who was probably Ham's eldest son – A member of the 12th generation, he was probably born at roughly the same time as his first-cousin Arphaxad. He was known as Ishvaku, Puru II, and Ukusi, in Mesopotamia.
- **Mizraim**, who was probably Ham's second son – A member of the 12th generation, he was probably born shortly after his older brother Cush. He may have been one of the early settlers in Egypt.
- **Nimrod**, who was Cush's son – A member of the 13th generation, he was probably born c. 2299 BC, about 15 years before his second-cousin Selah. He was known in Babylon as Azag.
- **Selah (AP-13)**, who was Arphaxad's son – A member of the 13th generation, he lived 433 years (2284-1851 BC), the first 63 years (2284-2221 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 1-63 years old.
- **Eber (AP-14)**, who was Selah's son – A member of the 14th generation, he lived 464 years (2254-1790 BC), the first 33 years (2254-2221 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 1-33 years old.

- **Peleg (AP-15)**, who was Eber's son – A member of the 15th generation, he lived 239 years (2220-1981 BC). His gestation in his mother's womb fell in 2221 BC, at the end of this period; his independent life fell entirely within the next period.
- The **Peleg Disturbance** in 2221 BC.

---Period 3A-2 – Rise of Babylon (2221-2070 BC)---

BIBLE'S ANCIENT PATRIARCHS (AP) (3977-1870 BC) continued, of which 151 years (2221-2070 BC) fell in this period.

- **Noah (AP-10) continued** – A member of the 10th generation, he lived 950 years (2291-1971 BC), 151 years (2221-2070 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 700-851 years old - He was known in Chaldea as Xisuthrus and in China as Nuwa and Fohi.
- **Shem (AP-11) continued**– A member of the 11th generation, he lived 600 years (2419-1816 BC), 151 years (2221-2070 BC) of which fell this period, when he was 198-349 years old.
- **Ham continued** – A member of the 11th generation, he probably lived throughout this period.
- **Arphaxad (AP-12) continued** – A member of the 12th generation, he lived 438 years (2319-1881 BC), of which 151 years (2221-2070 BC) fell in this period, when he was 98-249 years old.
- **Cush continued** – A member of the 12th generation, he probably lived throughout this period. He was also known in Mesopotamia as Ishvaku, Puru II, and Ukusi.
- **Mizraim continued** – A member of the 12th generation, he probably lived throughout this period.
- **Selah (AP-13) continued** – A member of the 13th generation, he lived 433 years (2284-1851 BC), 151 years (2221-2070 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 63-214 years old.
- **Nimrod continued** – A member of the 13th generation, he probably lived throughout this period. He was also known in Babylon as Azag.
- **Eber (AP-14) continued** - A member of the 14th generation, he lived 464 years (2254-1790 BC), 151 years (2221-2070 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 33-184 years old.
- **Peleg (AP-15)**, who was Eber's son - A member of the 15th generation, he lived 239 years (2220-1981 BC), the first 151 years (2221-2070 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 0-151 years old.
- **Reu (AP-16)**, who was Peleg's son - A member of the 16th generation, he lived 239 years (2190-1951 BC), the first 120 years (2190-2070 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 0-120 years old
- **Serug (AP-17)**, who was Reu's son - A member of the 17th generation, he lived 230 years (2158-1928 BC), the first 88 years (2158-2070 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 0-88 years old.
- **Nahor (AP-18)**, who was Serug's son - A member of the 18th generation, he lived 148 years (2128-1980 BC), the first 58 years (2128-2070 BC), of which fell in this period, when he was 0-58 years old.

- **Terah (AP-19)**, who was Nahor's son A member of the 19th generation, he lived 205 years (2099-1894 BC), the first 29 years (2099-2070 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 0-29 years old.
- The **Terah Disturbance** in 2070 BC.

--- Period A-3 - Rise of Civilizations (2070-1870 BC)---

BIBLE'S ANCIENT PATRIARCHS (AP) (3977-1870 BC) continued, of which 200 years (2070-1870 BC) fell in this period.

- **Noah (AP-10) continued** - A member of the 10th generation, he lived 950 years (2291-1971 BC), the last 99 years (2070-1971 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 851-950 years old.
- **Shem (AP-11) continued** - A member of the 11th generation, he lived 600 years (2419-1819 BC), 200 years of which fell in this period, when he was 349-549 years old.
- **Arphaxad (AP-12) continued** - A member of the 12th generation, he lived 438 years (2319-1881 BC), the last 189 years (2070-1881 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 249-438 years old.
- **Selah (AP-13) continued** - A member of the 13th generation, he lived 433 years (2284-1851 BC), 200 years of which fell in this period, when he was 214-414 years old.
- **Eber (AP-14) continued** - A member of the 14th generation, he lived 464 years (2254-1790 BC), 200 years of which fell in this period, when he was 184-384 years old.
- **Peleg (AP-15) continued** - A member of the 15th generation, he lived 239 years (2220-1981 BC), the last 89 years (2070-1981 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 150-239 years old.
- **Reu (AP-16) continued** - A member of the 16th generation, he lived 239 years (2190-1951 BC), the last 119 years (2070-1951 BC) of which fell in the period, when he was 120-239 years old.
- **Serug (AP-17) continued** - A member of the 17th generation, he lived 230 years (2158-1928 BC), the last 142 years (2070-1928 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 88-230 years old.
- **Nahor (AP-18) continued** - A member of the 18th generation, he lived 148 years (2128-1980 BC), the last 90 years (2070-1980 BC) of which fell in the period, when he was 58-148 years old.
- **Terah (AP-19) continued** - A member of the 19th generation, he lived 205 years (2099-1894 BC), the last 176 years (2070-1894 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 29-205 years old. In 1894 BC, Terah learned from his son Abram that God had appeared to him in a dream and had given him (a) a **Command** that he leave Ur of the Chaldees and travel to a land that God would show him and (b) a **Promise** that he would sire a great nation. Thus Terah decided to move his entire family to Haran, a point of departure for a journey into Canaan.
- **Haran**, who was Terah's older son – A member of the 20th generation, he was born in 2029 BC.

- **Abram**, who was Terah's younger son - A member of the 20th generation, he lived 175 years (1969-1794 BC), of which fell the first 75 years (1969-1894 BC) was spent with Terah in Ur-of-the-Chaldees.

ISRAEL'S SOJOURN IN CANAAN (1894-1679 BC), of which Part 1 (1894-1870 BC) lasted 24 years and fell in this period.

- **Abraham² (HP³-01)**, who was the first Hebrew Patriarch - A member of the 20th generation, he lived 175 years (1969-1794 BC). Upon arriving in Haran with his family retinue, Terah died. After mourning his father's death, Abraham led the family retinue across the Euphrates into Canaan, where they sojourned for the next 24 years (1894-1870 BC) during this period
- **Sarah**, who was Abraham's half-sister (probably Terah's daughter) - A member of the 20th generation, she lived 127 years (1960-1833 BC), the first 90 years of which fell in this period.
- The ***Abraham Disturbance*** in 1870 BC.

ISRAEL (1870 BC PRESENT)

---Phase 3B – The Late Postdiluvian World (1870-1464 BC)----

---Period3B-1 - The Pre-Job Time (1870-1667 BC)---

ISRAEL'S SOJOURN IN CANAAN (1894-1679 BC) continued, of which Part 2 (1870-1679 BC) lasted 191 years.

- **Shem (AP-11) continued** – A member of the 11th generation, he lived 600 years (2419-1819 BC), the last 51 years (1870-1819 BC) of which fell in this period, when he was 549-600 years old.
- **Selah (AP-13) continued** – A member of the 13th generation, he lived 433 years (2284-1851 BC), the last 19 years (1870-1851 BC) of his life fell in this period, when he was 414-433 years old.
- **Abraham (HP-01) continued** - A member of the 20th generation, he lived 175 years (1969-1794 BC), of which the last 76 years (1870-1794 BC) fell in this period, when he was 99-175 years old.
- **Sarah continued** – A member of the 20th generation, she lived 127 years (1960-1833 BC), of which the last 37 years (1870-1833 BC) fell in this period, when she was 90-127 years old.
- **Isaac (HP-02)**, who was a son of Abraham – A member of the 21st generation, he lived 180 years (1869-1689 BC), all of which fell in this period.
- **Jacob (HP-03)**, who was a son of Isaac – A member of the 22nd generation, he lived 147 years (1809-1662 BC), the first 142 years (1809-1667 BC) of which fell in this period
- **Joseph (HP-04)**, who was a son of Jacob – A member of the 23rd generation, he lived 110 years (1718-1608 BC), the first 51 years (1718-1667 BC) of which fell in

² Although God did not rename him until 1870 BC, I use his new name here because the Hebrew nation commenced when he and his tribe crossed the Euphrates. At that point he became the first Hebrew Patriarch.

³ HP = Hebrew Patriarch.

this period. In 1688 BC, he was made *Governor of Egypt* by Sesostris I, the second pharaoh of Egypt's 12th Dynasty.

- The *Seven Years of Plenty* began in 1688 BC.
- The *Seven Years of Plenty* ended, and the *Seven Years of Famine* began in 1681 BC.

ISRAEL'S SOJOURN IN EGYPT (1679-1464 BC) lasted 215 years, of which 12 years (1679-1667 BC) fell in this period – In 1679 BC, when Jacob was 130 years old and the *Seven Years of Famine* was 2 years old, Jacob led the Hebrews out of Canaan and into Egypt, which they call the *Descent into Egypt*.

In 169, which was year 2 of the *Seven Years of Famine*, with the Hebrew's *Descent into Egypt*, which was led by Jacob when he was 130 years old.

---Sojourn in Egypt with Joseph (1679-1608 BC)---

- **Jacob (HP-03)** – A member of the 22nd generation, he lived 147 years (1809-1662 BC), of which 12 years (1679-1667 BC) fell in this period
- **Joseph (HP-04)** – A member of the 23rd generation, he lived 110 years (1718-1608 BC), of which 12 years (1669-1667 BC) fell in this period.
- The *Seven Years of Famine* ended in 1674 BC.
- The *Job Disturbance* in 1667 BC.

--- Period 3B-2 – The Post-Job Time (1667-1464 BC)---

ISRAEL'S SOJOURN IN EGYPT (1679-1464 BC) continued, of which the last 203 years (1667-1464 BC) fell in this period.

- **Jacob (HP-03) continued** – A member of the 22nd generation, he lived 147 years (1809-1662 BC), the last 5 years (1667-1662 BC) of which fell in this period
- **Joseph (HP-04) continued** – A member of the 23rd generation, he lived 110 years (1718-1608 BC), the last 59 years (1667-1608 BC) of which fell in this period.

--- Sojourn in Egypt without Joseph (1608-1464 BC) ---

- ***Hiatus in Hebrew leadership*** commenced with Joseph's death and lasted 144 years (1608-1464 BC), which was divided into two parts: Part 1 lasted 29 years (1608-1579 BC), during which the Hebrews were not oppressed, and Part 2 lasted 115 years, during which the Hebrews were oppressed by the pharaohs who "knew not Joseph."
 - **Moses** – He lived 120 years (1544-1424 BC), which was divided into three equal parts: Part 1 lasted 40 years (1544-1504 BC), which he spent as Prince of Egypt, Part 2 lasted 40 years (1504-1464 BC), which he spent shepherding his father-in-law's sheep, and Part 3 lasted 40 years (1464-1424 BC), which he spent leading the Hebrew people in their wandering in the wilderness of Midian. The first two parts fell in this period.
 - **Joshua** – According to my chronology, he lived, 110 years (1509-1399 BC), the first 45 years (1509-1464 BC) of which fell in this period.
- The *Moses Disturbance* in 1464 BC.

---ERA 4 – THE TURBULENT WORLD (1464-665 BC)---

---Phase 4A – The Reign of Venus (1464-1008 BC)---

---Period 4A-1 - Ice Age 1 (1464-1413 BC)---

ISRAEL'S WANDERING IN THE WILDERNESS (1464-1424 BC) lasted 40 years.

- **Moses continued** – He lived 120 years (1544-1424 BC), the last 40 years (1464-1424 BC) of which fell in this period, during which he led Israel
- **Joshua continued** – He lived 110 years (1509-1399 BC), of which 51 years (1464-1413 BC) fell in this period.

ISRAEL'S CONQUEST & SETTLEMENT OF CANAAN (1424-1399 BC), of which 11 years (1424-1413 BC) fell in this period.

- The ***Joshua Disturbance*** in 1413 BC.

--- Period 4A-2 - Ice Age 2 (1413-1261 BC)---

ISRAEL'S CONQUEST & SETTLEMENT OF CANAAN (1424-1399 BC) continued, of which 14 years (1413-1399 BC) fell in this period.

- **Joshua continued** – He lived 110 years (1509-1399 BC), of which 14 years (1413-1399 BC) fell in this period.

ISRAEL'S RULE OF ELDERS & EVIL DOING (1399-1390 BC) lasted 9 years.

- Chronological gap of 9 years (1399-1390 BC).

ISRAEL'S PERIOD OF JUDGES (1390-1030 BC), of which 129 years (1390-1261 BC) fell in this period.

- ***Othniel's 40 Year of Rest (1390-1350 BC)***, during which Cushan and the Mesopotamians oppressed the Hebrews for 8 years (1390-1382 BC) and then **Othniel (HJ-01)** led (judged) the Hebrews for 32 years (1382-1350 BC).
- The ***Othniel Threat*** in 1363 BC.
- ***Ehud's 80 Year of Rest (1350-1270 BC)***, during which Eglon & the Moabites oppressed the Hebrew for 18 years (1350-1332 BC) and then **Ehud (HJ-02)** led (judged) the Hebrews for 62 years (1332-1270 BC).
- The ***Ehud Threat*** in 1312 BC.
- ***Deborah's 40 Year of Rest (1270-1230 BC)***, during which Jabin & the Canaanites oppressed Israel for 20 years (1270-1250 BC), of which the first 9 years (1270-1261 BC) fell in this period.
- The ***Deborah Disturbance*** in 1261 BC.

--- Period 4A-3 - Ice Age 3 (1261-1058 BC)---

ISRAEL'S PERIOD OF JUDGES (1390-1030 BC) continued, of which 203 years (1261-1058 BC) fell in this period.

- ***Deborah's 40 Year of Rest (1270-1230 BC)***, during which Jabin & the Canaanites oppressed Israel for 20 years (1270-1250 BC), of which the last 11 years (1261-1250 BC) fell in this period. Then, first **Shamgar (HJ-03)** and then **Deborah (HJ-04)** led (judged) the Hebrews for 20 years (1250-1230 BC).

- ***Gideon's 40 Years of Rest (1230-1190 BC)***, during which the Midianites oppressed Israel for 7 years (1230-1223 BC) and then **(HJ-05) Gideon** led (judged) the Hebrews for 33 years (1223-1190 BC).
- The ***Gideon Threat*** in 1210 BC.
- **Abimelech (HJ-06)** – He ruled the Hebrews for 3 years (**1190-1187 BC**).
- **Tola (HJ-07)** – He led (judged) the Hebrews for 23 years (**1187-1164 BC**).
- **Jair (HJ-08)** – He led (judged) the Hebrews for 22 years (**1164-1142 BC**).
- The ***Jair Threat*** in 1160 BC.
- ***The 1st Phillistine?Ammonite Oppression*** lasted 18 years (**1142-1124 BC**).
- **Jephthah (HJ-09)** – He led (judged) the Hebrews for 6 years (**1124-1118 BC**).
- **Ibzan (HJ-10)** – He led (judged) the Hebrews for 7 years (**1118-1111 BC**).
- **Elon (HJ-11)** – He led (judged) the Hebrews for 10 years (**1111-1101 BC**).
- The ***Elon Threat*** in 1109 BC.
- **Abdon (HJ-12)** – He led (judged) the Hebrews for 8 years (**1101-1093 BC**).
- **Samson (HJ-13)** – He led (judged) the Hebrews for 20 years (**1093-1073 BC**).
- **Samuel (HJ-14)** – He led (judged) the Hebrews for 43 years (1073-1030 BC), the first 15 years (**1073-1058 BC**) fell in this period.
- The ***Samuel Disturbance*** in 1058 BC, which caused the *Flood of Ogyges* in Egypt and the *Flood of Deucalion* in Greece.

--- *Period 4A-4 – Ice Age 4 (1058-1008 BC)*---

---*Sojourn in Egypt without Joseph (1608-1464 BC)*---

ISRAEL'S PERIOD OF JUDGES (1390-1030 BC) continued, of which 28 years (1058-1030 BC) fell in this period.

- **Samuel (HJ-14) continued** - He led (judged) the Hebrews for 43 years (1073-1030 BC), the last 28 years (**1058-1030 BC**) of which fell in this period. Circa 1048 BC, Samuel anointed Saul as king of Israel, but Saul clearly answered to Samuel during the last 18 years (c.1048-1030 BC) of Samuel's judgeship, as is evident from the following: C. 1044 BC, Saul led the Israelites in battle against the Philistines, and, c.1041 BC, he and Prince Ahmose of Egypt (18th Dynasty) led a coalition of Hebrews and Egyptians against the Hyksos=Amalekite fortress Avaris, which was located on the banks of the Wadi El Arish where it flows into the Mediterranean Sea.). Samuel had instructed Saul to kill every person and animal in Avaris, but Saul spared the Hyksos king Agag and some animals, at which point Samuel seized a sword, slew Agag, and informed Saul that God would be removing him as king. Samuel then anointed David to be Israel's next king.

ISRAEL'S UNITED KINGDOM (UK) (1030-948 BC), of which 22 years (1030-1008 BC) fell in this period.

- **Saul (UK⁴-01)** – He ruled Israel for 2 years (**1030-1028 BC**) after Samuel died. He undoubtedly enjoyed close and cordial relations with Ahmose during these years.
- **David (UK-02)** – He ruled Israel for 40 years (1028-988 BC), the first 20 year (**1028-1008 BC**) of which fell in this period. He undoubtedly enjoyed close and

⁴ UK = UnitedKingdom.

cordial relations with Ahmose and his successor Amenhotep I, Thutmose I, and Thutmose II (Thutmose I's co-regent) during these years.

- The **David Disturbance** in 1008 BC.

---Phase 4B – War in the Sky (1008-754 BC)---
---Period 4B-1 – Late Helladic IIIa (1008-957 BC)---

ISRAEL'S UNITED KINGDOM (UK) (1030-948 BC) continued, of which 51 years (1008-957 BC) fell in this period.

- **David (UK-02) continued** - He ruled Israel for 40 years (1028-988 BC), the last 20 years (1008-988 BC) of which fell in this period.
- **Solomon (UK-03)** – He ruled Israel for 40 years (988-948 BC), the first 31 years (988-957 BC) fell in this period. He built the First Temple, which was under construction for 7 years (984-977 BC), and the Palace, which was under construction for 13 years (977-964 BC).
- The **Solomon Disturbance** (Cosmic Battle #1) occurred in 957 BC.

---Period 4B-2 – Late Helladic IIIb (957-855BC)---

ISRAEL'S UNITED KINGDOM (UK) (1030-948 BC) continued, of which 9 years (957-948 BC) fell in this period.

- **Solomon (UK-03) continued** - He ruled Israel for 40 years (988-948 BC), the last 9 years (957-948 BC) of which fell in this period. Sometime during the last 16 years of his reign (964-948 BC), Solomon hosted the visit to Jerusalem of Hatshepsut, who was Thutmose I's daughter and successor. She was called the Queen of Egypt and Ethiopia by her people and the Queen of Sheba by the Jews. Solomon sent Paruah, the uncle of Jehoshaphat, to Eilat to greet her and escort her overland to Jerusalem. Subsequently her fascination with Solomon's temple and palace influenced the design of the temple which she built at Deir el Bahari, on the walls of which she commemorated the details of her trip.

ISRAEL'S DIVIDED KINGDOM (DK) (948-688 BC), of which 93 years (948-855 BC) fell in this period.

- **(Rehoboam (DK⁵-01)** – He ruled Judah for 17 years (948-931 BC). His reign saw the sack of the Temple by Shishack (Thutmose III) in 943 BC.
- **Abijam (DK-02)** – He ruled Judah 3 years (931-928 BC).
- **Asa (DK-03)** – He ruled Judah for 41 years (928-887 BC).
- The **Asa Threat** occurred in 906 BC.
- **Jehoshaphat (DK-04)** – He ruled Judah for 25 years (887-862 BC). He was known as Abdi-Hiba or Ebed-Tov in the El Amarna letters.
- **Jehoram (DK-05)** – He ruled Judah for 8 years (862-854 BC), the first 7 years (862-855 BC) of which fell in this period.
- The **Jehoram Disturbance** (Cosmic Battle #2) occurred in 855 BC.

---Period 4B-3 – Late Helladic IIIc (855-754 BC)---

⁵ DK = Divided Kingdom.

ISRAEL'S DIVIDED KINGDOM (DK) (948-688 BC) continued, of which 101 years (855-754 BC) fell in this period.

- **Jehoram (DK-05) continued** - He ruled Judah for 8 years (862-854 BC), the last year (855 BC) of which fell in this period.
- **Ahaziah (DK-06)** – He ruled Judah for 1 year (854-853 BC).
- **Athaliah (DK-07)** – She ruled Judah for 6 years (853-847 BC).
- **Jehoash (DK-08)** – He ruled Judah for 40 years (847-807 BC).
- The **1st Jehoash Threat** occurred in 841 BC.
- The **2nd Jehoash Threat** in 826 BC.
- The **3rd Jehoash Threat** occurred in 812 BC.
- **Amaziah (DK-09)** – He ruled Judah for 29 years (807-778 BC).
- The **1st Amaziah Threat** occurred in 805 BC.
- The **2nd Amaziah Threat** occurred in 797 BC.
- **Azariah (DK-10)** – He was also known as Uzziah. He ruled Judah for 52 years (778-726 BC), the first 24 years (778-754 BC) fell in this period.
- The **1st Azariah Threat** 768 BC.
- The **Commotion in the Days of Uzziah** & the **Azariah Disturbance** (Cosmic Battle #3) occurred in 754 BC.

---Phase 4C – The Reign of Mars (754-665 BC)---
---Period 4C-1 – Respite (754-695 BC)---

ISRAEL'S DIVIDED KINGDOM (DK) (948-688 BC) continued, of which 59 years (754-695 BC) fell in this period.

- **Azariah (DK-10) continued** – He ruled Judah for 52 years (778-726 BC), the last 28 years (754-726 BC) – He fell in this period.
- The **2nd Azariah Threat** occurred in 739 BC.
- **Jotham (DK-11)** – He ruled Judah for 16 years (726-710 BC).
- The **1st Jotham Threat** occurred in 724 BC.
- The **2nd Jotham Threat** occurred in 710 BC.
- **Ahaz (DK-12)** – He ruled Judah for 16 years (710-695/694 BC).
- The **Ahaz Disturbance** occurred in 695 BC.

---Period 4C-2 – Ice Age 6 (695-680 BC)---

ISRAEL'S DIVIDED KINGDOM (DK) (948-688 BC) continued, of which 7 years (695-688 BC) fell in this period.

- **Hezekiah (DK-13)** ruled Judah for 30/29 years (695/694-665 BC). In 688 BC, the Assyrian King Sargon destroyed Samaria and brought the Kingdom of Israel and the Divided Kingdom to an end. Thus Hezekiah's first 7/6 years (695/694-688 BC) fell in the Divided Kingdom and his last 23 years (688-665 BC) fell in the Single Kingdom.

ISRAEL'S SINGLE KINGDOM (SK) (688-555 BC), of which 8 years (688-680 BC) fell in this period.

- **Hezekiah (SK-01)** ruled Judah for 30/29 years (695/694-665 BC). In 688 BC, the Assyrian King Sargon destroyed Samaria and brought the Kingdom of Israel and the Divided Kingdom to an end. Thus Hezekiah's first 7/6 years (695/694-688 BC) fell in the Divided Kingdom and his last 23 years (688-665 BC) fell in the Single Kingdom – 8 years (688-680 BC) in this period and 15 years (68-665 BC) in the next period.
- The **1st Hezekiah Disturbance** occurred in 680 BC.

---Period 4C-3 – Ice Age 7 (680-665 BC)---

ISRAEL'S SINGLE KINGDOM (SK) (688-555 BC) continued, of which 15 years (680-665 BC) fell in this period.

- **Hezekiah (SK⁶-01) continued** – He ruled Judah for 29 years (695/694-665 BC), the last 15 years (680-665 BC) of which fell in this period.
- The **2nd Hezekiah Disturbance** occurred in 665 BC.

---ERA 5 – THE EARLY HISTORIC WORLD (665-2 BC)---

---Part 5A – The Occident in the Early Historic Era

---Part 5B – The Middle East in the Early Historic Era

---Period 5B-1 – The Neo-Babylonian Supremacy (665-487 BC)---

---Period 5B-2 –The Medeo-Persian Supremacy=the Classical Period (487-330 BC)---

- **Name**

---Period 5B-3 –The Macedonian Supremacy=the Hellenistic Period (330-146 BC)---

- **Leaders** governing the Hebrews during the first 162 years (330-168 BC) of this period are not known.

HASMONAEAN OR MACCABEAN PERIOD (168-40 BC), of which 22 years (168-146 BC) fell in this period.

- **Judah Maccabeus** - In 168 BC, the Seleucid Antiochus IV invaded Egypt, but was pressured by the Roman Republic to withdraw. On his way north to Antioch, he sacked Jerusalem, plundered and desecrated its temple, and slaughtered many Jews. There followed an uprising that involved many players. Some describe it as a religious rebellion that was gradually transformed into a war of national liberation. The rebellion was begun by the sons of Mattathias, the High Priest at the time, who were Judah (Yehuda), Jonathan (Yonoson or Yonatan), and Simon (Shimon). Judah led the rebellion for 8 years (168-160 BC). In his final year, in the Battle of Elasa between the Hebrews under Judah and the Seleucids under the general Bacchides, Judah was killed and succeeded by his brother Jonathan.

⁶ SK = Single Kingdom.

- **Jonathan Maccabeus** – He led the rebellion for 19 years (160-141 BC), the first 14 years (**160-146 BC**) of which fell in this period. In 158 BC, after two years of hostilities – mostly guerilla warfare – a truce was offered by Jonathan and accepted by Bacchides. Following the cessation of hostilities, Bacchides removed the Seleucid forces from Palestine and Jonathan set about cleansing the land of “the godless and apostate.”

---Period 5B-4 –The Roman Supremacy BC (146-2 BC)---

HASMONAEAN OR MACCABEAN PERIOD (168-40 BC), of which 126 years (146-40 BC) fell in this period.

- **Jonathan Maccabeus continued** - He led Israel for 19 years (160-141 BC), the last 5 years (**146-141 BC**) of which fell in this period In 141 BC, the Seleucid general Diodotus Tryphon led an army into Judea and lured Jonathan into a supposedly friendly conference at Scythopolis. There he seized, imprisoned, and eventually executed Jonathan, who was then succeeded by his brother Simon.
- **Simon Maccabeus** - He led Israel for 6 years (**141-135 BC**), at the end of which he was assassinated and succeeded by his son John Hyrcanus I.
- **John Hyrcanus I** - He led Israel for 31 years (**135-104 BC**).
- **Hiatus in leadership.** It lasted for 1 year (**104-103 BC**) – Aristobulus may have led Israel at this time.
- **Alexander Jannaeus** - He led Israel for 27 years (**103-76 BC**).
- **Salome Alexandra**, who was the wife of Alexander Jannaeus, led Israel for 11 years (**76-67 BC**).
- **John Hyrcanus II** - He led Israel for 1 year (**67-66 BC**). During this time, a rivalry developed between Hyrcanus and his brother Aristobulus II, who managed to usurp the throne.
- **Aristobulus II** – He led Israel for 3 years (**66-63 BC**), during which the brother continued to struggle for the throne.
- **John Hyrcanus II** – After Rome restored him to the throne, he became both High Priest and Ethnarch and led Israel for 23 years (**63-40 BC**).

HERODIAN PERIOD (40 BC-66 AD), of which 38 years (40-2 BC) fell in this period.

- **Herod the Great.** He ruled Israel under Roman authority for 40 years (40 BC-1 AD), the first 38 years (**40-2 BC**) of which fell in this period. He commenced reconstructing the temple (Third Temple) in 19 BC – the naos was finished in 2 years (19-17 BC); the outer courts, in 6 years (17-11 BC). Anna’s husband died in 5 BC. The Angel Gabriel announced to Mary in 3 BC that she would bear the Son of God (the Annunciation). Jesus of Nazareth, the Son of God, the Promised Messiah of Israel was born in 2 BC.
- The *Birth of Messiah* in 2 BC)

---Part 5C - The Orient in the Early Historic Era

---Part 5D – Sacred History in the Early Historic Era

---Period 5D-1 – The Neo-Babylonian Supremacy (665-487 BC)---

ISRAEL'S SINGLE KINGDOM (SK) (688-555 BC) continued, of which 110 years (665-555 BC) fell in this period.

- **Manasseh (SK-02)** – He ruled Judah for 55 years (665-610 BC).
- **Amon (SK-03)** – He ruled Judah for 2 years (610-608 BC).
- **Josiah (SK-04)** – He ruled Judah for 31 years (608-577 BC).
- **Jehoahaz (SK-05)** – He ruled Judah for zero years (577 BC).
- **Jehoiakim (SK-06)** – He ruled Judah for 11 years (577-566 BC).
- **Jehoiachin (SK-07)** – He ruled Judah for zero years (566 BC).
- **Zedekiah (SK-08)** – He ruled Judah for 11 years (566-555 BC). In his regnal year 11 (555 BC), Nebuchadnezzar destroyed Jerusalem and its Temple and carried off the elite of Judah to exile in Babylon.

ISRAEL'S EXILE (555-487 BC), of which 68 years (555-487 BC) fell in this period.

- **Hiatus in leadership** – Judah lived in captivity in Babylon for 70 years (555-485 BC), of which 68 years (555-487 BC) fell in this period.

---Period 5D-2 –The Medeo-Persian Supremacy=the Classical Period (487-330 BC)---

ISRAEL'S EXILE (555-485 BC) continued, of which 2 years (487-485 BC) fell in this period.

- **Hiatus in leadership** – Judah lived in captivity in Babylon for 70 years (555-485 BC), of which 2 years (487-485 BC) fell in this period.

ISRAEL'S POST-EXILIC PERIOD or DANIELS 69 WEEKS OF YEARS (485-2 BC), of which 155 years (485-330 BC) fell in this period. Israel's Post-Exilic Period lasted 483 years (485-2 BC). This period saw the Persian, Greek and Roman conquests of Palestine, the rule of Herod and his reconstruction of Jerusalem and its temple (Third Temple), and the birth of Messiah in 2 BC. The period was divided into two sub-periods: (a) Daniel's 49 Years) and (b) Daniel's 434 Years (436-2 BC).

- **DANIEL'S 7 WEEKS OF YEARS, which lasted 49 years (485-436 BC)**
 - **Daniel**, who was also known by other names: (a) Belshazzar (given to him by Nebuchadnezzar, (b) Sheshbazzar (Prince of Judah), and probably (c) Tirshatha (Governor). He was the custodian of the Temple treasures during the return to Jerusalem), and Tirshatha (Governor) – After Cyrus issued his proclamation commanding the Jews to return to Jerusalem and rebuild the temple, the Jews left Babylon. Although Daniel was the most senior person in the caravan, he was old, and thus Zerubbabel, who was the grandson of King Jehoiachin, led the return and commenced the construction of the Second Temple. It is unclear who governed Judea for roughly 16 years (485-469 BC).
 - **Zerubbabel** – He governed Judea for roughly four years (469-465 BC). He completed the construction of the Second Temple.
 - **Nehemiah** – He was the Jewish cupbearer to the Persian King Artaxerxes I (465-424 BC), who was the son of Xerxes-the-Great and also known as

Longimanus. Artaxerxes appointed Nehemiah governor of Judea, where he served for more than 33 years, the first 29 years (**465-436 BC**) of which was devoted to rebuilding Jerusalem's walls and streets.

- **DANIEL'S 62 WEEKS OF YEARS, which lasted 434 Years (436-2 BC)**, of which 106 years (436-330 BC) fell in this period.
 - **Nehemiah** – He was governor of Judea for more than 33 years, of which at least 3 years (**436-433 BC**) fell in this period, because he was recalled to Babylon by Artaxerxes I in 433 BC and then returned to Jerusalem. How much longer he governed Judea beyond that time is not known.
 - **Other leaders** governing the Hebrews during the roughly 29 years (**c.433-404 BC**) between Nehemiah and Ezra are not known.
 - **Ezra** – He was known as Ezra-the Scribe, Irsu, and Irza. He was governor of Judea and also the religious authority for all Jews in the western Persian Empire for roughly 6 years (**404-398 BC**) during the reign of Arcases, who was a son of Artaxerxes I and also known as Artaxerxes II (404-359 BC). He also collected taxes for Arcases in Palestine and Egypt.
 - **Other leaders** governing the Hebrews during the last 68 years (**398-330 BC**) of this period are not known.

---Period 5D-3 –The Macedonian Supremacy=the Hellenistic Period (330-146 BC)---

ISRAEL'S POST-EXILIC PERIOD or DANIELS 69 WEEKS OF YEARS (485-2 BC), of which 184 years (330-146 BC) fell in this period.

- **DANIEL'S 62 WEEKS OF YEARS, which lasted 434 Years (436-2 BC)**, of which 184 years (330-146 BC) fell in this period.
 - **Leaders** governing the Hebrews during the 184 years (**330-146 BC**) of this period are not known.

---Period 5D-4 –The Roman Supremacy BC (146-2 BC)---

ISRAEL'S POST-EXILIC PERIOD or DANIELS 69 WEEKS OF YEARS (485-2 BC), of which 144 years (146-2 BC) fell in this period.

- **DANIEL'S 62 WEEKS OF YEARS, which lasted 434 Years (436-2 BC)**, of which 144 years (146-2 BC) fell in this period.
 - **Leaders** governing the Hebrews during the last 144 years (**146-2 BC**) of this period are not known.
 - The *Birth of Messiah* in 2 BC)

---ERA 6-THE LATE HISTORIC WORLD OR CHRISTIAN AGE (2 BC-PRESENT)---

---Part 6A – The Occident in the Late Historic Era---

---Part 6B – The Middle East in the Late Historic Era---

---Period 6D-1 –The Roman Supremacy AD = Late Antiquity (2 BC to 476 AD)---

HERODIAN PERIOD (40 BC-66 AD) continued, of which 67 years (2 BC-66 AD) fell in this period.

- **Herod the Great**. He ruled Israel under Roman authority for 40 years (40 BC-1 AD), the last 2 years (**2 BC-1 AD**) of which fell in this period.
- **Herod Antipas** – He ruled Israel under Roman authority for 38 years (1-39 AD).
- **Herod Agrippa I** – He ruled Israel under Roman authority for 13 years (39-52 AD).
- **Herod Agrippa II** – He ruled Israel under Roman Authority for 14 years (52-66 AD).
- **Jewish Revolt** lasted 4 years (66-70 AD), at the end of which the Roman army under Titus destroyed Jerusalem and its Temple, thereby ending the Old Testament Order, and moved most of the Jews out of Judea.

---Part 6C – The Orient in the Late Historic Era---

---Part 6D – Sacred History in the Late Historic Era---

---Period 6D-1 –The Roman Supremacy AD = Late Antiquity (2 BC to 476 AD)---

LIFE OF MESSIAH (2 BC-33 AD)

- **Messiah's youth** (2 BC-29 AD) – This period included the incident of his teaching the elders in the temple in 11 AD, when he was 12 years old, and his baptism by John the Baptist on August 29, 29 AD, just prior to his 30th birthday.
- **Messiah's ministry** (29-33 AD) – This period lasted 3.5 years, extending from the fall in 29 AD to the spring of 33 AD, which included four Passovers in the springs of 30, 31, 32, and 33 AD, on the last of which he was crucified.
- The ***Crucifixion, Death, Resurrection, & Ascension of Messiah*** in 33 AD.
- **Childhood of Messiah's Bride** (33-70 AD)
- The ***Destruction of Jerusalem*** and its Temple in 70 AD.
- **Betrothal of Messiah's Bride** (70-present AD)

---Period 6D-2 – The Byzantine Period or Middle Ages (476-1453 AD)---

- **Name**

---Period 6D-3 - Period of Exploration (1453c.-1750 AD)---

- **Name**

---Period D-4 - Period of Revolution (c.1750-1918 AD)---

- **Name**

---Period 6D-5 - Period of Consolidation of Nation States into a New World Order (1918 AD to present)---

- **Name**