Table 8F HISTORIC ERAS AND THEIR TERMINATING EVENTS

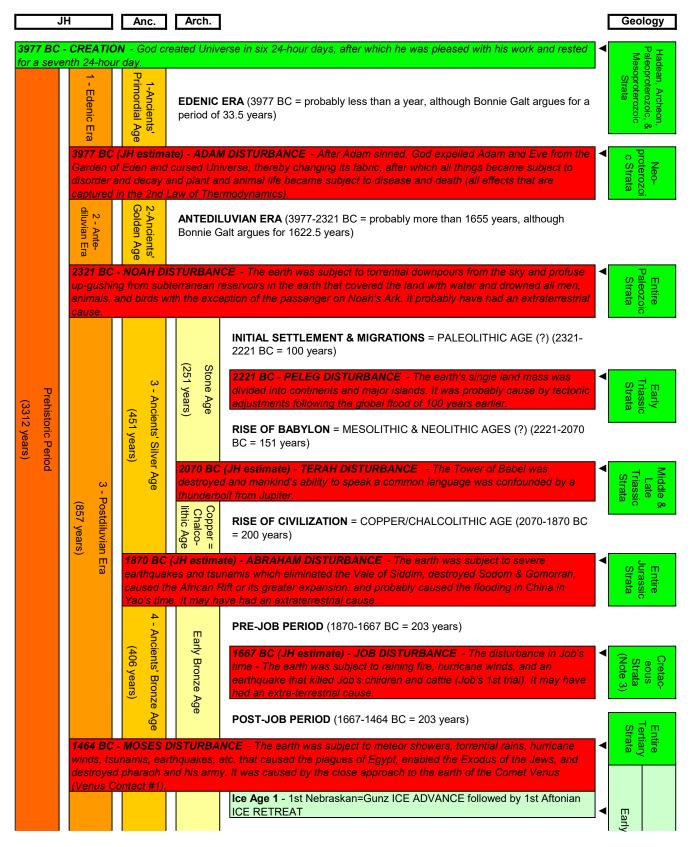


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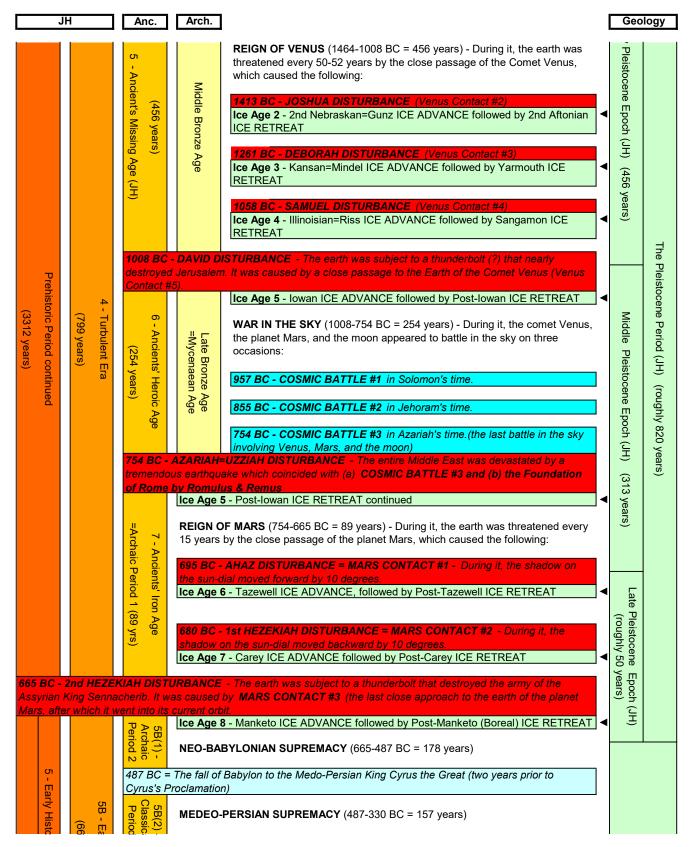
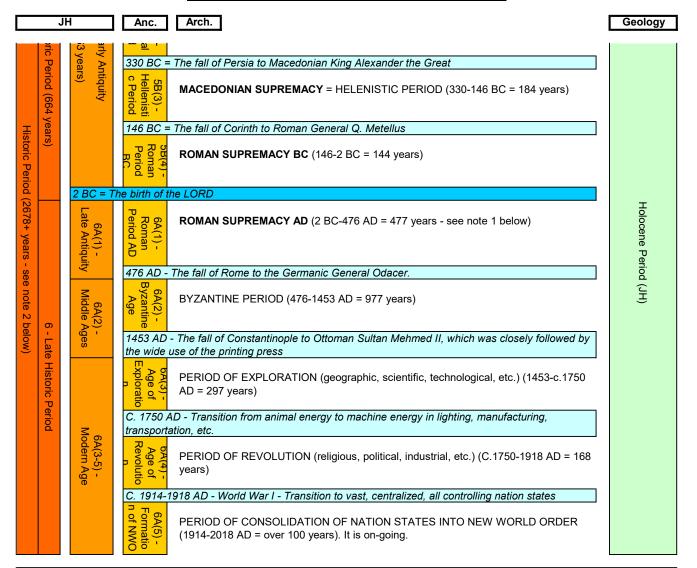


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Note 1: The line of demarkation between the Pre-historic Period and the Historic Period is often placed circa 750 BC. There is, however, little substantial evidence for the dates that are normally placed in the Archaic Period (750-457 BC) - particularly in its early years. Therefore I have set the line of demarkation at 665 BC, thereby splitting the Archaic Period into two parts - Archaic Period I (754-665 BC) and Archaic Period II (665-457 BC) - to coincide with the major discontinuity produced by Mars Contact #3..

Note 2: In calculating time periods which cross the boundary between BC and AD, one must subtract 1 year. For example, the *Antiquity* period between 665 BC and 476 AD is 665 - 1 + 476 = 1140 years and the *Historic Period* between 665 BC and 2016 AD is 665 -1 + 2016 = 2680 years.

Note 3: I have had great difficulty deciding where to put the Late Cretaceous strata. I am certain that the Great Dying occurred at the beginning of the Moses Distrubance. On the one hand, the Late Cretaceous strata may have been continuous with the Early Cretaceous strata and belong at the end of Period 3B(1)—The Early Job Time. In this case the Great Dying would have been caused by the earth's immersion in the tail of the comet Venus as it approached the earth in 1464 BC; this tail produced the Ten Plagues of Egypt. On the other hand, the Late Cretaceous strata may belong at the end of Period 3B(2)—The Late Job Time. In this case the Great Dying would have been caused by the laying down of the Late Cretaceous strata in 1464 BC. Here I have chosen the first alternative, but elsewhere I have chosen the second. This issue needs further study.