HEBREW AND GREEK ALPHABETS<br>and<br>Their Numeric Values

## HEBREW ALPHABET



GREEK ALPHABET

ß．．．．．． 2
．$\gamma . . . .$.
ס．．．．．． 4
E．．．．．． 5
$\varsigma^{\prime} \cdot . . . .6^{* *}$
ち．．．．．． 7
ク．．．．．． 8
$\theta$ ．．．．． 9
1 ．．．．． 10
K．．．．． 20
入．．．．． 30
$\mu$ ．．．．． 40
v．．．．． 50
$\xi$ ．．．．． 60
o．．．．． 70
$\pi$ ．．．．． 80
o ．．．．． $90^{* *}$
p ．．．．． 100
o－s．．． 200 ＊
T．．．．． 300
U．．．．． 400
$\varphi$ ．．． 500
X ．．．． 600
$\Psi$ ．．．． 700
$\omega$ ．．．． 800
＊These double letters are the same．The second letter is used in place of the first letter when it occurs as the last letter in a word．
＊＊Those who are familiar with New Testament Greek may be surprised to see the addition of the letters $v a u$（number value $=6$ ）and koppa（number value $=$ 90）．The letter vau appears in Revelation 13：18 as the numerical value of the number 6 in the number 666．In the early history of the Greek language both these letters existed，but later became extinct．They have always retained their numerical equivalency（see Webster＇s Dictionary）．

